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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT			
9	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA			
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11	GUSTAVO ADOLFO DUENAS,	No	o. 1:24-cv-00335-K	ES-SAB (HC)
12	Petitioner,		RDER ADOPTING	
13	v.	PE	ECOMMENDATIO ETITION FOR WRI	T OF HABEAS
14	TRENT ALLEN,	TO	O CLOSE CASE, A SUE CERTIFICAT	NG CLERK OF COURT ND DECLINING TO TE OF APPEALABILITY
15	Respondent.			
16	Doc. 23			
17	Petitioner Gustavo Adolfo Duenas is a state prisoner proceeding pro se with a petition for			
18	writ of habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254. This matter was referred to a United States			
19	Magistrate Judge pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B) and Local Rule 302.			
20	On March 7, 2025, the assigned magistrate judge issued findings and recommendations			
21	recommending that the petition be denied. Doc. 23. The findings and recommendations were			
22	served on the parties and contained notice that any objections were to be filed within thirty (30)			
23	days of the date of service of the findings and recommendations. To date, no objections have			
24	been filed, and the time for doing so has passed.			
25	In accordance with the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1), the Court has conducted a			
26	de novo review of the case. Having carefully reviewed the entire file, the Court holds the findings			
27	and recommendations to be supported by the record and proper analysis.			
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Having found that petitioner is not entitled to habeas relief, the Court now turns to whether a certificate of appealability should issue. A petitioner seeking a writ of habeas corpus has no absolute entitlement to appeal a district court's denial of his petition, and an appeal is allowed only in certain circumstances. *Miller-El v. Cockrell*, 537 U.S. 322, 335-36 (2003); 28 U.S.C. § 2253. If the Court denies a habeas petition on the merits, the Court may issue a certificate of appealability only "if jurists of reason could disagree with the district court's resolution of [the petitioner's] constitutional claims or that jurists could conclude the issues presented are adequate to deserve encouragement to proceed further." *Miller-El*, 537 U.S. at 327; *Slack v. McDaniel*, 529 U.S. 473, 484 (2000). While the petitioner is not required to prove the merits of his case, he must demonstrate "something more than the absence of frivolity or the existence of mere good faith on his . . . part." *Miller-El*, 537 U.S. at 338.

In the present case, the Court finds that reasonable jurists would not find the Court's determination that the petition should be denied debatable or wrong, or that petitioner should be allowed to proceed further. Therefore, the Court declines to issue a certificate of appealability.

Accordingly:

- 1. The findings and recommendations issued on March 7, 2025, Doc. 23, are ADOPTED in full;
- 2. The petition for writ of habeas corpus is DENIED;
- 3. The Clerk of Court is directed to close the case; and
- 4. The Court declines to issue a certificate of appealability.

23 | IT IS SO ORDERED.

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Dated: <u>June 23, 2025</u>

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE